

Power line safety - evaluating the work zone



If a crane is going to operate within 20 feet of an overhead power line up to 350 kV, do the following:

NOTE: Not applicable to utility owner/operators.

Determine the power line's voltage.

Ask the utility owner or utility operator for the information. Allow two working days for a response.

- 1926.1408 (c)

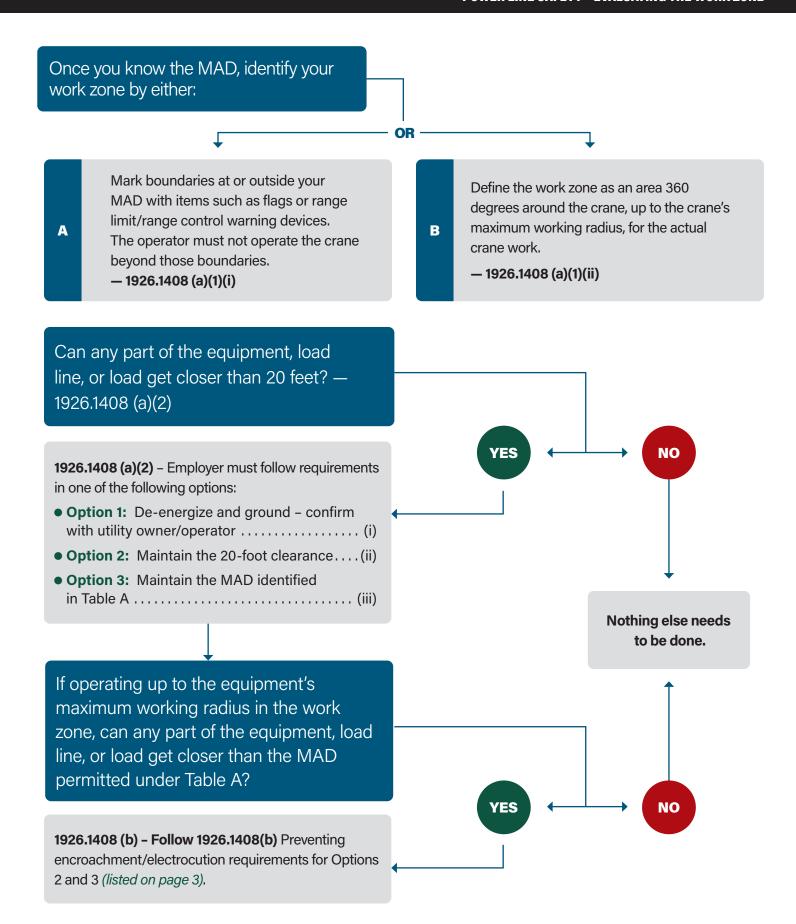
Use Table A to determine the crane's minimum approach distance (MAD) to the power line. — 1926.1408 (a)(2)(iii)



Table A	
Power line voltage - nominal kV, alternating current	Minimum approach distance (MAD) in feet
Up to 50	10
More than 50 to 200	15
More than 200 to 350	20
More than 350 to 500	25
More than 500 to 750	35
More than 750 to 1,000	45
More than 1,000	See 1926.1408



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Requirements for preventing encroachment/electrocution (Options 2 and 3)

- Conduct a planning meeting. Meet with the operator and the other workers who will be in the area to review the location of the power line(s), and steps that will be implemented to prevent encroachment.
- 2. If tag lines are used, they must be nonconductive.
- 3. Erect an elevated warning line, barricade, or line of signs, in view of the operator. The warning line must have flags or similar high-visibility markings at 20 feet from the power line if using Option (2), or at the minimum approach distance under Table A, if using Option (3). If the operator is unable to see the warning line, you must use a dedicated spotter who is in continuous contact with the operator.
- 4. Do at least one of the following:
 - Use a proximity alarm set to give sufficient warning to prevent encroachment.
 - Use a dedicated spotter who is in continuous contact with the operator.
 Dedicated spotter must:
 - Be equipped with a visual aid to assist in identifying the minimum clearance distance, such as clearly visible lines painted on the ground, a clearly visible line of stanchions, or a set of clearly visible line-of-sight landmarks.
 - Be positioned to effectively gauge the clearance distance.
 - Use equipment to communicate directly with the operator.
 - Give timely information to the operator in order to maintain the required clearance distance.
 - Be trained to effectively perform this task, including training on the applicable requirements of 1926.1408.

- Use a device that automatically warns the operator when to stop movement, such as a range-control warning device set to give the operator sufficient warning to prevent encroachment.
- Use a device that automatically limits range of movement.
- Use an insulating link/device that is installed at a point between the end of the load line (or below) and the load.
- Train each operator and crew member assigned to work with the equipment on the procedures to be followed in the event of electrical contact with a power line.

(For additional required training topics, see 1926.1408 (g) Training).

More information

- ☐ Oregon OSHA Construction Crane Rule Text
- Oregon OSHA Cranes and Derricks in Construction Guidebook
- Oregon OSHA Crane Fact Sheet
- Cranes and Derricks Federal Register



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